

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: **432 SKIN**  
Product name: **SKIN 432**

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **Finitura silosssanica protettiva**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Protection and decoration of buildings	-	✓	-

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **FASSA S.r.l.**  
Full address: **Via Lazzaris, 3**  
District and Country: **31027 Spresiano (TV) Italy**  
Tel.: **+39 (0)422 7222**  
Fax: **+39 (0)422 887509**

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **laboratorio.spresiano@fassabortolo.it**

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: **NHS 111**

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:  
Skin sensitization, category 1A: **H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3: **H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: **Warning**

Hazard statements:

**H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
**EUH208** Contains: reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)  
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one  
May produce an allergic reaction.

**SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>**

Precautionary statements:

<b>P280</b>	Wear protective gloves.
<b>P501</b>	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with national regulations
<b>P261</b>	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
<b>P333+P313</b>	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
<b>P362+P364</b>	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
<b>P273</b>	Avoid release to the environment.

**Contains:** 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one

**2.3. Other hazards**

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Contains biocide with fungicide and algicide properties for dry films. Active substances: 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (CAS 26530-20-1), zinc pyrithione (CAS 13463-41-7) terbutryn (CAS 886-50-0). In accordance with art. 58 of Regulation no. 528/2012, this product is defined as a "treated article" (not a biocidal product).

Refer to section 8.1 for information on the quartz (fine fraction)

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**
**3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
<b>QUARTZ (FINE FRACTION)</b>		
CAS	14808-60-7	STOT RE 1 H372
EC	238-878-4	
INDEX		
Reg. no.	Esente (Reg. 1907/2006 all. V.7)	
<b>2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</b>		
CAS	26530-20-1	Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	247-761-7	
INDEX	613-112-00-5	
<b>1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</b>		
CAS	2634-33-5	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC	220-120-9	
INDEX	613-088-00-6	
<b>Pyrithione zinc</b>		
CAS	13463-41-7	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10
EC	236-671-3	
INDEX		
<b>terbutryn</b>		
CAS	886-50-0	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100
EC	212-950-5	
INDEX		
<b>2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one</b>		
CAS	2682-20-4	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, EUH071
EC	220-239-6	
INDEX	613-326-00-9	
<b>reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)</b>		
CAS	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071
EC	611-341-5	
INDEX	613-167-00-5	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## SECTION 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Information not available

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

Product for professional use. Always read the technical datasheet before using. Wear protective gloves and garments, and in the event of contact with the skin wash with plenty of water and soap. Use water to clean tools.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP	España	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition,published 2018)
HUN	Magyarország	A pénzügyminiszter 7/2018. (VIII. 29.) PM rendelete a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról szóló 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM–SZCSM együttes rendelet módosításáról
ITA	Italia	DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 12 czerwca 2018 r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da República, 1.ª série - N.º 111 - 11 de junho de 2018
ROU	România	HOTĂRÂRE nr. 584 din 2 august 2018 pentru modificarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 privind stabilirea cerințelor minime de securitate și sănătate în muncă pentru asigurarea protecției lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de prezența agenților chimici
SVK	Slovensko	Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 355/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou chemickým faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2019

### QUARTZ

#### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
VLA	ESP	0,1				RESP
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP
WEL	GBR	0,1				RESP
AK	HUN	0,15				RESP
VLEP	ITA	0,025				RESP
NDS/NDSch	POL	2				Tot
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,3				RESP
VLE	PRT	0,025				RESP
TLV	ROU	0,1				RESP
NPEL	SVK	0,1				RESP
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

Notes on respirable crystalline silica: Since 2010, in accordance with the European CLP Regulation, as no harmonised classification is available for silica, industrial mineral manufacturers have jointly assessed the GHS classification for quartz (fine fraction) and cristobalite (fine fraction) to be STOT RE category 1 as regards silicosis risk. As a consequence of this classification, substances and mixtures containing

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

crystalline silica (fine fraction), in the form of identified impurities, additives or individual ingredients, are classed as:-STOT RE 1, if the concentration of quartz (fine fraction) or cristobalite (fine fraction) is greater than or equal to 10%; -STOT RE 2, if the concentration of quartz (fine fraction) or cristobalite (fine fraction) is between 1 and 10%; -If the quartz (fine fraction) or cristobalite (fine fraction) content in mixtures and substances is below 1%, no classification is required by law. The assessments regarding the classification of products containing crystalline silica (fine fraction) takes into account the free availability of these fine particles. If a product exists in a form that prevents the fraction of fine particles from becoming airborne (for example, products in liquid form), this will be taken into consideration in the classification assessment. Therefore, industrial mineral manufacturers consider that, when a mineral classified as STOT RE1 or STOT RE2 due to its fine fraction of crystalline silica is incorporated into a mixture in liquid form, such fine fraction is no longer freely available and the classification would not be justified. [IMA Europe © 2014, <http://www.crystallinesilica.eu/content>]

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Comply with the safety measures usually applied when handling chemical substances.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

##### HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374).

Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

##### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

##### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

##### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

None required, unless indicated otherwise in the chemical risk assessment.

##### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	pasty liquid	
Colour	characteristic for each colour	
Odour	characteristic	
Odour threshold	Not available	
pH	8-10	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Boiling range	Not available	
Flash point	> 60 °C	
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available	
Lower inflammability limit	Not available	
Upper inflammability limit	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Vapour density	Not available	
Relative density	1,50-1,60	
Solubility	Not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Viscosity	Not available	
Explosive properties	not applicable	
Oxidising properties	Not available	

#### 9.2. Other information

Maximum VOC content limit values ( Directive 2004/42/CE). Category A/c, WB: Maximum VOC 40 g/l (January 2010); Maximum VOC content in product < 40 g/l

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Values refer to the additive used in conc. <1% made from a mixture of terbutryn, 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, zinc pyridithione and zinc oxide.

Oral ATE mix >2000 mg/kg (rat)

Skin ATE mix >5000 mg/kg (rat)

#### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

#### Interactive effects

Information not available

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

QUARTZ (FINE FRACTION)

LD50 (Oral)

> 2000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal)

> 2000 mg/kg

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Pyrithione zinc	
LC50 - for Fish	0,0104 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,051 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,051 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,00125 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,0022 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0149 mg/l 72h

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
LC50 - for Fish	1,6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	3,27 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,11 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,04 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,21 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	1,2 mg/l 21d

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one	
LC50 - for Fish	0,036 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,42 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,084 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,022 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,002 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,004 mg/l 72h

### SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
LC50 - for Fish	6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	1,68 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,157 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	2,1 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,55 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,03 mg/l 72h

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	
LC50 - for Fish	0,22 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,048 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,098 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,004 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0012 mg/l 72h

Values refer to the additive used in conc. <1% made from a mixture of terbutryn, 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, zinc pyrithione and zinc oxide.

Toxicity to fish

EC50/72h 0.154 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

Terbutryn

EC50/72h 0.104 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Pyrithione zinc  
Rapidly degradable

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
Rapidly degradable

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one  
Rapidly degradable

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
Rapidly degradable

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)  
Rapidly degradable

terbutryn  
NOT rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Pyrithione zinc  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,21 Log Kow

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,7 Log Kow  
BCF 6,95 -

OIT: Log Kow 2.9  
ZnP: Log Kow 0.9  
Terbutryn: Log Kow 3.2

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects



Behaviour of 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one in purification systems: EC20/ 0.5h 10.4 mg/l (activated sludge)  
EC20/3h 7.3 mg/l (activated sludge)  
Not discard into phreatic water, streams or sewers.

## SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.  
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.  
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING  
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

## SECTION 15. Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

#### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Contains biocide with fungicide and algicide properties for dry films. Active substances: 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (CAS 26530-20-1), zinc pyriithione (CAS 13463-41-7) terbutryn (CAS 886-50-0). In accordance with art. 58 of Regulation no. 528/2012, this product is defined as a "treated article" (not a biocidal product).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>Acute Tox. 2</b>	Acute toxicity, category 2
<b>Acute Tox. 3</b>	Acute toxicity, category 3
<b>Acute Tox. 4</b>	Acute toxicity, category 4
<b>STOT RE 1</b>	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1
<b>Skin Corr. 1B</b>	Skin corrosion, category 1B
<b>Eye Dam. 1</b>	Serious eye damage, category 1
<b>Skin Irrit. 2</b>	Skin irritation, category 2
<b>Skin Sens. 1</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1
<b>Skin Sens. 1A</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1A
<b>Skin Sens. 1B</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1B
<b>Aquatic Acute 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 2</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
<b>Aquatic Chronic 3</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
<b>H310</b>	Fatal in contact with skin.
<b>H330</b>	Fatal if inhaled.
<b>H301</b>	Toxic if swallowed.
<b>H311</b>	Toxic in contact with skin.
<b>H331</b>	Toxic if inhaled.
<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H372</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>H314</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>H318</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>H315</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>H317</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>H400</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>H410</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H411</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H412</b>	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>EUH071</b>	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration

**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006 - RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

**GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
  2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
  3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
  5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
  13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
  14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
  15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
  16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
  - Handling Chemical Safety
  - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
  - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
  - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
  - IFA GESTIS website
  - ECHA website
  - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

**Note for users:**

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

**Changes to previous review:**

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 15 / 16.

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: **432 SKIN**  
Product name: **SKIN 432**

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **Protective siloxane finish**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Protection and decoration of buildings	-	✓	-

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **FASSA S.r.l.**  
Full address: **Via Lazzaris, 3**  
District and Country: **31027 Spresiano (TV) Italy**  
Tel.: **+39 (0)422 7222**  
Fax: **+39 (0)422 887509**

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **laboratorio.spresiano@fassabortolo.it**

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: **NHS 111**

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3: **H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
**EUH208** Contains: 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)  
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one  
May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

**P501** Dispose of contents / container in accordance with national regulations  
**P273** Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Contains biocide with fungicide and algicide properties for dry films. Active substances: 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (CAS 26530-20-1), zinc pyrithione (CAS 13463-41-7) terbutryn (CAS 886-50-0). In accordance with art. 58 of Regulation no. 528/2012, this product is defined as a "treated article" (not a biocidal product).

Refer to section 8.1 for information on the quartz (fine fraction)

### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)	
<b>QUARTZ (FINE FRACTION)</b>			
CAS	14808-60-7	STOT RE 1 H372	
EC	238-878-4		
INDEX			
Reg. no.	Esente (Reg. 1907/2006 all. V.7)		
<b>2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one</b>			
CAS	26530-20-1	0,005 ≤ x < 0,05	Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	247-761-7		
INDEX	613-112-00-5		
<b>Pyrithione zinc</b>			
CAS	13463-41-7	0 ≤ x < 0,025	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10
EC	236-671-3		
INDEX			
<b>1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</b>			
CAS	2634-33-5	0,005 ≤ x < 0,05	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC	220-120-9		
INDEX	613-088-00-6		
<b>terbutryn</b>			
CAS	886-50-0	0,0025 ≤ x < 0,025	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100
EC	212-950-5		
INDEX			
<b>reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)</b>			
CAS	55965-84-9	0,00015 ≤ x < 0,001	Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071
EC	611-341-5		
INDEX	613-167-00-5		
<b>2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one</b>			
CAS	2682-20-4	0,00015 ≤ x < 0,001	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, EUH071
EC	220-239-6		
INDEX	613-326-00-9		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### SECTION 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

**SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>**

person, unless authorised by a doctor.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Information not available

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Information not available

**SECTION 5. Firefighting measures****5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

**UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

None in particular.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture****HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Do not breathe combustion products.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters****GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

**SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS**

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

**SECTION 6. Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

**SECTION 7. Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

Product for professional use. Always read the technical datasheet before using. Wear protective gloves and garments, and in the event of contact with the skin wash with plenty of water and soap. Use water to clean tools.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage ... / >>

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP	España	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition,published 2018)
HUN	Magyarország	A pénzügyminiszter 7/2018. (VIII. 29.) PM rendelete a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról szóló 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM–SZCSM együttes rendelet módosításáról
ITA	Italia	DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 12 czerwca 2018 r
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da República, 1.ª série - N.º 111 - 11 de junho de 2018
ROU	România	HOTĂRÂRE nr. 584 din 2 august 2018 pentru modificarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 privind stabilirea cerințelor minime de securitate și sănătate în muncă pentru asigurarea protecției lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de prezența agenților chimici
SVK	Slovensko	Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 355/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou chemickým faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2019

#### QUARTZ

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	0,1				RESP
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP
WEL	GBR	0,1				RESP
AK	HUN	0,15				RESP
VLEP	ITA	0,025				RESP
NDS/NDSch	POL	2				Tot
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,3				RESP
VLE	PRT	0,025				RESP
TLV	ROU	0,1				RESP
NPEL	SVK	0,1				RESP
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

Notes on respirable crystalline silica: Since 2010, in accordance with the European CLP Regulation, as no harmonised classification is available for silica, industrial mineral manufacturers have jointly assessed the GHS classification for quartz (fine fraction) and cristobalite (fine fraction) to be STOT RE category 1 as regards silicosis risk. As a consequence of this classification, substances and mixtures containing crystalline silica (fine fraction), in the form of identified impurities, additives or individual ingredients, are classed as: -STOT RE 1, if the concentration of quartz (fine fraction) or cristobalite (fine fraction) is greater than or equal to 10%; -STOT RE 2, if the concentration of quartz (fine fraction) or cristobalite (fine fraction) is between 1 and 10%; -If the quartz (fine fraction) or cristobalite (fine fraction) content in mixtures and substances is below 1%, no classification is required by law. The assessments regarding the classification of products containing crystalline silica (fine fraction) takes into account the free availability of these fine particles. If a product exists in a form that prevents the fraction of fine particles from becoming airborne (for example, products in liquid form), this will be taken into consideration in the classification assessment. Therefore, industrial mineral manufacturers consider that, when a mineral classified as STOT RE1 or STOT RE2 due to its fine fraction of crystalline silica is incorporated into a mixture in liquid form, such fine fraction is no longer freely available and the classification would not be justified. [IMA Europe © 2014, <http://www.crystallinesilica.eu/content>]

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Comply with the safety measures usually applied when handling chemical substances.



### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

#### HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374).

Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

None required, unless indicated otherwise in the chemical risk assessment.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	pasty liquid	
Colour	characteristic for each colour	
Odour	characteristic	
Odour threshold	Not available	
pH	8-10	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Boiling range	Not available	
Flash point	> 60 °C	
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases	not flammable	
Lower inflammability limit	Not available	
Upper inflammability limit	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Vapour density	Not available	
Relative density	1,50-1,60	
Solubility	Not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Viscosity	Not available	
Explosive properties	not applicable	
Oxidising properties	Not available	

#### 9.2. Other information

Maximum VOC content limit values ( Directive 2004/42/CE). Category A/c, WB: Maximum VOC 40 g/l (January 2010); Maximum VOC content in product < 40 g/l

### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.



### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

##### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

##### Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

##### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

##### Interactive effects

Information not available

##### ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)

##### QUARTZ (FINE FRACTION)

LD50 (Oral)	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal)	> 2000 mg/kg

##### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

##### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

##### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one

##### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

##### CARCINOGENICITY

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Pyrithione zinc	
LC50 - for Fish	0,0104 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,051 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,051 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,00125 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,0022 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0149 mg/l 72h

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
LC50 - for Fish	1,6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	3,27 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,11 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,04 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,21 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	1,2 mg/l 21d

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one	
LC50 - for Fish	0,036 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,42 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,084 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,022 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,002 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,004 mg/l 72h

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
LC50 - for Fish	6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	1,68 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,157 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	2,1 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,55 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,03 mg/l 72h

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	
LC50 - for Fish	0,22 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,048 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,098 mg/l 28d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0,004 mg/l 21d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0012 mg/l 72h

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

Pyrithione zinc  
Rapidly degradable

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
Rapidly degradable

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one  
Rapidly degradable

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
Rapidly degradable

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)  
Rapidly degradable

terbutryn  
NOT rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Pyrithione zinc  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,21 Log Kow

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,7 Log Kow  
BCF 6,95 -

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

### SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

Contains biocide with fungicide and algicide properties for dry films. Active substances: 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (CAS 26530-20-1), zinc pyriithione (CAS 13463-41-7) terbutryn (CAS 886-50-0). In accordance with art. 58 of Regulation no. 528/2012, this product is defined as a "treated article" (not a biocidal product).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>Acute Tox. 2</b>	Acute toxicity, category 2
<b>Acute Tox. 3</b>	Acute toxicity, category 3
<b>Acute Tox. 4</b>	Acute toxicity, category 4
<b>STOT RE 1</b>	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1
<b>Skin Corr. 1B</b>	Skin corrosion, category 1B
<b>Eye Dam. 1</b>	Serious eye damage, category 1
<b>Skin Irrit. 2</b>	Skin irritation, category 2
<b>Skin Sens. 1</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1
<b>Skin Sens. 1A</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1A
<b>Skin Sens. 1B</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1B
<b>Aquatic Acute 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 2</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
<b>Aquatic Chronic 3</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
<b>H310</b>	Fatal in contact with skin.
<b>H330</b>	Fatal if inhaled.

**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

<b>H301</b>	Toxic if swallowed.
<b>H311</b>	Toxic in contact with skin.
<b>H331</b>	Toxic if inhaled.
<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H372</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>H314</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>H318</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>H315</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>H317</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>H400</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>H410</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H411</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H412</b>	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>EUH071</b>	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

**LEGEND:**

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

**GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
  2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
  3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
  5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
  12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
  13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
  14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
  15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
  16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
  - Handling Chemical Safety
  - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
  - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

**Note for users:**

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

The version of the safety data sheet refers exclusively to the packages produced starting from the following progressive batch number 01COL2000462.

The batch number is printed on the label affixed to the packaging.

**Changes to previous review:**

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.